



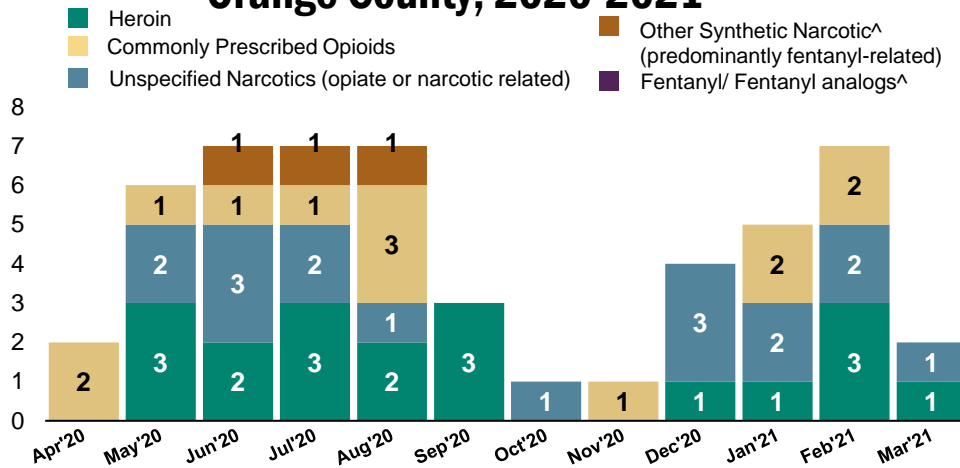
# Orange County

2021\*

## 14 OPIOID OVERDOSE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS

### Opioid Overdose ED Visits Last 12 Months:

#### Orange County, 2020-2021\*



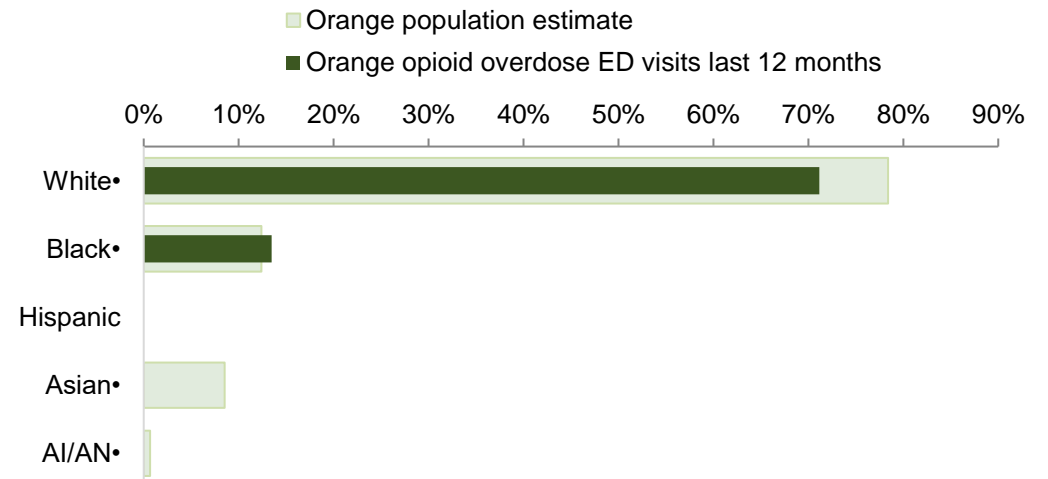
YTD: Year to date; \*Provisional Data: 2020-2021 ED Visits  
^Fentanyl/fentanyl analogs drug class is a new ICD10CM diagnosis code as of October 2020, prior to this month, this category was predominately captured in the non-specific "Other Synthetic Narcotic" drug class. **Note:** 2020-2021 ED visit data is provisional; For case definitions, go to <https://www.injuryfreenc.ncdhhs.gov/DataSurveillance/poisoning/SummaryTableforPoisoningDefinitions>.

## 14 Opioid Overdose ED Visits in Orange County for 2021\* YTD

compared to 10 Jan to Mar 2020\*

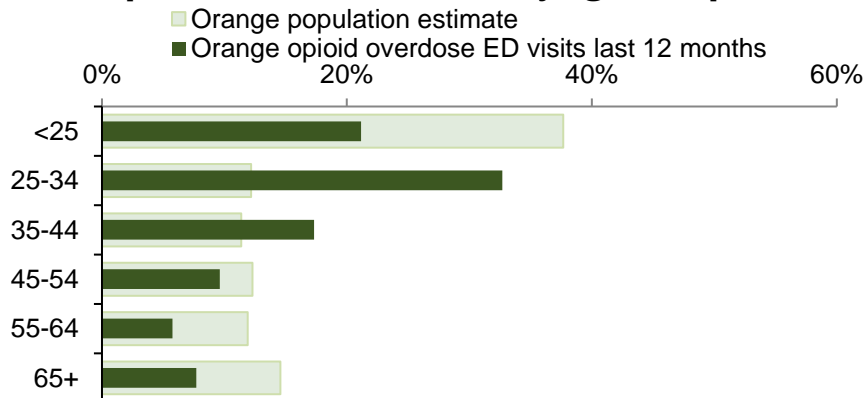
Source: NC DETECT: Data Source: ED; Custom Event: Overdose: Opioid Overdose V.2 (ICD-9/10-CM)

### Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Race Ethnicity



•Non-hispanic, **except** when ethnicity data are missing or incomplete (less than 85% ethnicity data available); if ethnicity is missing, race categories include both Hispanic and Non-Hispanic. AI/AN (American Indian/ Alaskan Native).

### Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Age Group



**Note:** NC DETECT is North Carolina's statewide syndromic surveillance system. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts: counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes. For training on NCDETECT, contact Amy Ising, [ising@ad.unc.edu](mailto:ising@ad.unc.edu).

Counts based on ICD-10-CM diagnosis code of an opioid overdose: **T40.0** (Opium), **T40.1** (Heroin), **T40.2** (Other Opioids), **T40.3** (Methadone), and **T40.4** (Other Synthetic Narcotics), and **T40.6** (Other and Unspecified Narcotics).